

BBC-19MBA407 Seat No. _____

M.B.A. (Sem. IV) (CBCS) Examination

July - 2021

Risk Management

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours] [Total Marks : 70

Instructions:

- (1) Attempt any five out of ten questions.
- (2) All questions carry equal marks.
- 1 What is an option contract? How does it differ from a forward and futures contract?
- **2** What do you understand by a forward contract? Illustrate with an example.
- 3 How would you convert a fixed rate liability into a floating rate liability using a swap? Draw a schematic diagram to explain your answer.
- 4 What are the functions of derivatives ? What are their disadvantages ?
- **5** What is a currency swap? How is it different operationally from an interest rate swap?
- **6** Describe the features of an Interest rate swap.
- 7 Two Companies A Ltd. and B Ltd. are intending to raising finance of Rs 500 crore each. They have been offered the following loans by the bank:

	Fixed Rate	Floating Rate			
ALtd	13.00%	MIBOR+85bps			
BLtd	11.50%	MIBOR+45bps			

Standard Bank, acting as a swap intermediary, is willing to work out a swap arrangement for a fee of 15 bps from each firm. B Ltd believes that interest rate will fall and, hence, wants to raise funds on a floating rate basis. A Ltd feels otherwise, and wants to raise funds on a fixed interest rate basis. What swap can be arranged between the two parties? What would be the saving in financing cost for each firm if benefits of swap are shared equally?

8 Goodluck Ltd. stock is currently selling for Rs. 850. There is a call option on Goodluck Ltd with a maturity of 3 months and an exercise price of Rs. 820. The volatility in the stock price is estimated to be 45%. The risk-free rate is 9%. Calculate the price of a call option using Black-Scholes Model. You can use the following values and table

$$e^{0.09 \times (3/12)} = 1.022755$$

$$Ln \ 1.0365 = 0.035932$$

The following is the extract of table entries representing area under the standard normal curve from 0 to the s specified value of z.											
Z	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0.1	.0398	.0438	.0478	.0517	.0557	.0596	.0636	.0675	.0714	.0753	
0.3	.1179	.1217	.1255	.1293	.1331	.1368	.1406	.1443	.1480	.1517	

- A Stock is currently priced at Rs.100. It is known that in the first 3 months of the current year from now prices will either rise by 15% or go down by 15%. Further in the next 3 months prices may again go up by 15% or go down by 15% in the second step. If the Risk-free rate is 12% continuous compounding and strike price is Rs 110. Calculate the value of Call and Put option as per European Method.
- 10 Write Short Notes on:
 - A. Straddle and Strangle
 - B. American Options